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GHS09 environment

Aquatic Acute 1H400Very toxic to aquatic life.Aquatic Chronic 1H410Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

GHS07

Eye Irrit. 2H319 Causes serious eye irritation.Skin Sens. 1H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

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⁻ GB

A. Forster

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	(Contd. of page 1)
· 2.2 Label eleme	ents
	ding to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
	classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation.
• Hazard pictogre	ams
1	
	507 GHS09
GHS02 GHS	507 OH509
· Signal word Wa	arning
· Hazard-determi	ining components of labelling:
dibenzoyl perox	
· Hazard stateme	nts
H242 Heating n	nay cause a fire.
H319 Causes se	rious eye irritation.
H317 May caus	e an allergic skin reaction.
H410 Very toxic	c to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
· Precautionary s	statements
P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No
P280	smoking. Waar protective cloves/protective clothing/oue protection/face protection
P220	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Keep apart from dirt, rust, chemicals, especially reducing substances, acids, alkaline
F 220	solutions, amines and heavy metal compounds (such as accelerator, dessicative, metal soaps).
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P234	Keep only in original container.
	338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if
1000 11001 11	present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P314	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P410	Protect from sunlight.
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international
	regulations.
2 2 Other has	
• 2.3 Other hazar Flammable.	us
	contact with combustible substances or other substances effective in promoting the
decomposition r	
	g effect due to oxygen release.
	position with temperatures above 50 °C (SADT)
Pls. refer to sec	
	and vPvB assessment
• PBT: Not applie	
• vPvB: Not apple	
. 	

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

· 3.2 Chemical characterisation: Mixtures

*

 $\cdot \textit{Description: Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.}$

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Dangerous components:	(Co	ontd. of page 2
CAS: 94-36-0 EINECS: 202-327-6	dibenzoyl peroxide ♦ ♦ Org. Perox. B, H241; ♦ Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10); Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10); ♦ Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Skin Sens. 1, H317	45-52%
CAS: 131-11-3 EINECS: 205-011-6 Reg.nr.: 01-2119437229-36	dimethyl phthalate substance with a Community workplace exposure limit	25-35%
CAS: 107-21-1 EINECS: 203-473-3 Reg.nr.: 02-2119752517-33 01-2119456816-28		1.0-<10%

• Additional information: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

· 4.1 Description of first aid measures

· General information:

Symptoms of poisoning may even occur after several hours; therefore medical observation for at least 48 hours after the accident.

Personal protection for the First Aider.

Take affected persons out of danger area and lay down.

In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration.

Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.

• After inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Supply fresh air or oxygen; call for doctor.

In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

• After skin contact:

Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor.

- After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.
- · After swallowing: Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help immediately.
- 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed No further relevant information available.
- 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
- No further relevant information available.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

- · 5.1 Extinguishing media
- · Suitable extinguishing agents:

CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.

- \cdot 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
- Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or in case of fire. In case of fire, the product promotes combustion.

May decompose explosively in absence of fire due to formation of vapour-air-mixture.

- 5.3 Advice for firefighters
- · Protective equipment:
- Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.

Do not inhale explosion gases or combustion gases.

• Additional information

Remove undamaged containers from the danger zone.

Cool endangered receptacles with water spray.

Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter the sewage system.

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Hazchem: 1W

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(Contd. of page 3) Dispose of fire debris and contaminated fire fighting water in accordance with official regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

· 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. *Ensure adequate ventilation* Use suitable respiratory protective device in case of insufficient ventilation. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. Keep away from ignition sources. Pls. refer to section 10 · 6.2 Environmental precautions: Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage system. Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water. • 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: Collect with an inert, non-combustible, absorbent material (i.e. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid binder, universal binder). Do not seal receptacle gas tight. Pls. refer to section 10 · 6.4 Reference to other sections See Section 7 for information on safe handling. See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment. See Section 13 for disposal information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

· 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Keep receptacles tightly sealed.

Open and handle receptacle with care.

Do not return unused material to original containers – decomposition hazard!

Restrict the quantity stored at the work place.

Resistant to inert materials only.

Suitable materials: Stainless steel (DIN 1.4571), PVC, polyethylene, glass-lined apparatus.

Keep apart from dirt, rust, chemicals, especially reducing substances, acids, alkaline solutions, amines and heavy metal compounds 8such as accelerator, dessicative, metal soaps). Avoid naked flames, sparks, other ignition sources and sunlight.

Do not mix with accelerators or reducing agents.

Weigh out and mix separately when processing polyester resins.

Avoid storage in containers with an airtight closure to prevent hazardous pressure build-up due to an eventual decomposition.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.

Adhere to the workplace limit values and / or other threshold values.

Avoid release to the environment.

· Information about fire - and explosion protection:

Protect from heat.

Protect from sunlight.

Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.

Prevent impact and friction.

Thermal decomposition with temperatures above 50 °C under formation of explosive vapours/gases

Avoid naked flames, sparks, other ignition sources and sunlight.

Protect against electrostatic charges.

Anti-explosion protection required

Fumes can combine with air to form an explosive mixture.

Fire propagating effect due to oxygen release.

Keep apart from incompatible substances, dirt and high temperatures.

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	(Contd. of pag
Pls. refer to section 10	
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	
Storage:	
Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:	
Store in a cool location.	
Store only in the original receptacle.	
Prevent any seepage into the ground.	
Adhere to the provisions of the Law on Water Protection.	
Use only receptacles specifically permitted for this substance/product.	
Information about storage in one common storage facility:	
Keep apart from other chemicals, in particular from accelerators.	
Store away from foodstuffs.	
Further information about storage conditions:	
Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed receptacles.	
Protect from heat and direct sunlight.	
Protect from contamination.	
Store under lock and key and out of the reach of children.	
Maximum storage temperature: $+25 \ ^{\circ}C$	
7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

• Additional information about design of technical facilities: No further data; see item 7.

· 8.1 Contro	l paramete	ers		
· Ingredient	s with limi	it values that require monito	ring at the workplace:	
94-36-0 dii	benzoyl pe	roxide		
WEL (Gree	at Britain)	Long-term value: 5 mg/m ³		
131-11-3 d	limethyl pl	nthalate		
WEL (Grea	at Britain)	Short-term value: 10 mg/m ³	3	
		Long-term value: 5 mg/m ³		
107-21-1 e				
WEL (Gree	at Britain)	Short-term value: 104** mg		
		Long-term value: 10* 52** Sk *particulate **vapour	<i>mg/m³, 20** ppm</i>	
IOELV (EU	7)	Short-term value: 104 mg/n	n^{3} 40 ppm	
	<i>,</i>	Long-term value: 52 mg/m ³ ,		
		Skin	**	
· DNELs				
94-36-0 dii	benzoyl pe	roxide		
Oral	Long-tern	1 exposure - systemic effects	1.65 mg/kg bw/day (general population)	
Dermal	Long-tern	1 exposure - systemic effects	3.3 mg/kg bw/day (general population)	
			6.6 mg/kg bw/day (worker)	
Inhalative	Long-tern	1 exposure - systemic effects	2.9 mg/m ³ (general population)	
			11.75 mg/m ³ (worker)	
131-11-3 d	limethyl pl	nthalate		
Oral	Long-tern	1 exposure - systemic effects	25 mg/kg bw/day (general population)	
Dermal	Long-tern	1 exposure - systemic effects	60 mg/kg bw/day (general population)	
			100 mg/kg bw/day (worker)	
Inhalative	Long-tern	1 exposure - systemic effects	$87 mg/m^3$ (general population)	
			294 mg/m ³ (worker)	
			•	(Contd. on page 6)
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107-21-1 e	+1. a.a. a	dial .		(Contd. of page
			52 / 1 / 1 / 1 1 / 1	
Dermal	Long	-term exposure - systemic effects	53 mg/kg bw/day (general population)	
L.L. J. dia	T		106 mg/kg bw/day (worker)	
Innalative	Long	-term exposure - local effects	7 mg/m ³ (general population)	
			35 mg/m ³ (worker)	
PNECs	_			
		yl peroxide		
PNEC aqu	a	0.000602 mg/l (freshwater)		
		0.0000602 mg/l (marine water)		
		0.000602 mg/l (intermittent relea	ases)	
PNEC sedi	iment	0.338 mg/kg (freshwater)		
		0.0338 mg/kg (marine water)		
PNEC STI		0.35 mg/l		
PNEC soil		0.0758 mg/kg (soil dw)		
		yl phthalate		
PNEC aqu	a	0.192 mg/l (freshwater)		
		0.0192 mg/l (marine water)		
		1403 mg/kg (freshwater)		
PNEC STI		4 mg/l		
PNEC soil		3.16 mg/kg (soil dw)		
107-21-1 е				
PNEC aqu	a	10 mg/l (freshwater)		
		1 mg/l (marine water)		
		10 mg/l (intermittent releases)		
PNEC sedi	iment	20.9 mg/kg (freshwater)		
PNEC STI		199.5 mg/l		
PNEC soil		1.53 mg/kg		
Additional	infor	mation: The lists valid during the	e making were used as basis.	
8.2 Exposu	ure co	ntrols		
~ -		tive equipment:		
		ive and hygienic measures: foodstuffs, beverages and feed.		
		k, smoke or sniff while working.		
		ith the eyes and skin.		
		pre breaks and at the end of work.		
		clothing separately. ork clothing should not be allowe	ad out of the workplace	
		inated clothing.	a ou of the workplace.	
		ion cream for skin protection.		
•		occurs: Get medical advice/atten	tion.	
Respirator		t ection: orkplace limit values and / or othe	ar threshold values	
		piratory protective device in case		
			piratory filter device. In case of intensive o	r longer exposu
use self-con	ntaine	ed respiratory protective device.	-	_
Filter A/P2		and a .		
Protection	oj na	nas:		
In				
6 ST	Prote	ective gloves		
				(Contd. on page

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The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation. Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

· Material of gloves

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

Neoprene gloves

Nitrile rubber, NBR

Recommended thickness of the material: $\geq 0.14 \text{ mm}$

· Penetration time of glove material

The exact break trough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

For the mixture of chemicals mentioned below the penetration time has to be at least 30 minutes (Permeation according to EN 374 Part 3: Level 2).

• Eye protection:



Tightly sealed goggles

· Body protection: Protective work clothing

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

· 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

· General Information	
· Appearance: Form:	Pasty
Colour:	According to product specification
· Odour:	Characteristic
• Change in condition Melting point/Melting range. Boiling point/Boiling range:	
· Flash point:	> 50 °C
· Ignition temperature:	Not applicable
· Decomposition temperature:	50 °C (SADT)
· Self-igniting:	Pls. refer to section 10
· Danger of explosion:	Pls. refer to section 10
· Density at 20 •C:	~ 1.1-1.2 g/cm ³
 Solubility in / Miscibility with water: 9.2 Other information 	Not miscible or difficult to mix. No further relevant information available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

· 10.1 Reactivity No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications.

• 10.2 Chemical stability Resistant to inert materials only. Suitable materials: Stainless steel (DIN 1.4571), PVC, polyethylene, glass-lined apparatus.

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A. Förs

Thermal decomposition or direct contact with numerous additives, such as reducing agents (i.e. amine accelerator), heavy metal compounds (in particular cobalt accelerators), acids and alkaline solutions, may lead to hazardous, autoaccelerating decomposition reactions, and possibly, to explosion or fire.

10.4 Conditions to avoid Avoid naked flames, sparks, other ignition sources and sunlight. Protect from heat.
>25 °C To avoid thermal decomposition do not overheat.

Thermal decomposition with temperatures above 50 °C (SADT)

· 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Keep apart from dirt, rust, chemicals, especially reducing substances, acids, alkaline solutions, amines and heavy metal compounds 8such as accelerator, dessicative, metal soaps) Avoid any direct contact with accelerators.

• 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

Formation of various organic degradation products and inflammable and explosive vapours/gases upon decomposition.

Danger of forming toxic pyrolysis products.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

· 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

• Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

· LD/LC50	LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:				
94-36-0 di	94-36-0 dibenzoyl peroxide				
Oral	LD50	>5000 mg/kg (rat)			
Inhalative	LC0 /4h	24.3 mg/l (rat)			
131-11-3 a	limethyl pl	thalate			
Oral	LD 50	>2400 mg/kg (rat)			
Dermal	LD50	> 10000 mg/kg (rabbit)			
Inhalative	LC50 /6h	9.3 mg/l			
107-21-1 е	thanediol				
Oral	LD50	5840 mg/kg (rat)			
Dermal	LD50	9530 mg/kg (rabbit)			
Inhalative	LC50 /6h	> 2.5 mg/l (rat) (Aerosol)			
• Skin corro • Serious ey Causes ser • Subacute t	e damage / rious eye ir	ritation.			
131-11-3 a	limethyl pl	<i>ithalate</i>			
Oral NOA	Oral NOAEL 1000 mg/kg (rat) (bw/day, 24 month)				
 Sensitisati Sensitisati May cause CMR effect Carcinoge 	 Additional toxicological information: No further relevant information available. Sensitisation Sensitisation possible through skin contact. May cause an allergic skin reaction. CMR effects (carcinogenity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction) Carcinogenicity No further relevant information available. Reproductive toxicity/Fertility No further relevant information available. 				
· Reproduct	ive toxicity	p/Teratogenicity			
131-11-3 a	131-11-3 dimethyl phthalate				
Oral NOA	EL (develo	opmental toxicity) 3570 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 414)			
		(Contd. on page 9)			

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NOAEL (maternally)

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840 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 414)

· Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

· Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

• Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

• STOT-single exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

· STOT-repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

• Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

· 12.1 Toxicity

· Aquatic to	oxicity:		
94-36-0 di	ibenzoyl peroxide		
M Factor	10 (acute)		
	10 (chronic)		
EC10	0.001 mg/l (daphnia magna) (21d)		
EC50/48h	8h 0.11 mg/l (daphnia) (OECD TG 202)		
EC50/72h	0.0711 mg/l (algae) (OECD TG 201)		
LC50/96h	0.0602 mg/l (oncorhynchus mykiss) (OECD TG 203)		
NOEC	0.02 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) (72h)		
	0.0316 mg/l (fish) (96h)		
131-11-3	dimethyl phthalate		
EC10/72h	193.09 mg/l (desmodesmus subspicatus)		
EC50/48h	33 mg/l (daphnia magna)		
EC50/72h	259.76 mg/l (desmodesmus subspicatus)		
EC50/96h	39.9 mg/l (algae) (Raphidocelis subcapitata)		
LC50/96h	50 mg/l (Lepomis macrochirus)		
	39 mg/l (pimephales promelas)		
NOEC	9.6 mg/l (daphnia magna) (21 d)		
	11 mg/l (oncorhynchus mykiss) (102 d)		
107-21-1	ethanediol		
EC50	10000 mg/l (pseudomonas putida) (16h)		
EC50/48h	> 10000 mg/l (daphnia magna)		
EC50/96h	6500-7500 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)		
LC50/96h	18500 mg/l (oncorhynchus mykiss)		
· 12.2 Persi	istence and degradability		
94-36-0 di	ibenzoyl peroxide		
Biodegrad	lation 71 % (28 d, OECD TG 301 D)		
131-11-3	dimethyl phthalate		
Biodegrad	lation 96-98 % (28d, OECD 301 E)		
107-21-1	ethanediol		
BSB (BOL	D) 1245 mg/g		
Biodegrad	lation 56 % (OECD 301 C (28h))		
· 12.3 Bioa	ccumulative potential		
94-36-0 di	ibenzoyl peroxide		
log Kow .	3.2 (OECD TG 117)		
BCF	56.6		
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131-11-3 dimethyl phthalate log Kow 1.56 (OECD 107) BCF 57 (Lepomis macrochirus) (21 day, OECD 305) 107-21-1 ethanediol log Pow [-1.34 Behaviour in environmental systems:		
BCF 57 (Lepomis macrochirus) (21 day, OECD 305) 107-21-1 ethanediol log Pow -1.34 Behaviour in environmental systems: -12.4 Mobility in soil 94-36-0 dibenzoyl peroxide log Koc 3.8 (OECD TGD 121) 131-11-3 dimethyl phthalate log Koc 1.57 • Additional ecological information: • General notes: Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system. 1-2.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment • PBT: Not applicable. • PVB: Not applicable. • VPVB: Not applicable. • PVB: Not applicable.	131-11-3	dimethyl phthalate
107-21-1 ethanediol log Pow -1.34 Behaviour in environmental systems: -12.4 Mobility in soil 94-36-0 dibenzoyl peroxide log Koc 3.8 (OECD TGD 121) 131-11-3 dimethyl phthalate log Koc 1.57 Additional ecological information: • General notes: Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system. -12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment • PBT: Not applicable. • PVS: Not applicable. • 12.6 Other adverse effects No further relevant information available. SECTION 13: Disposal considerations • Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system. Diposal must be made according to official regulations. Dilute product with suitable inert liquid to a peroxide concentration below 10% and subsequently dispose according to the refuse disposal act. • Waste disposal key: The waste codes given above are to be considered recommendations; because of regional and industrisector specific features, application of different waste codes is possible. • European waste catalogue 16 05 06 laboratory chemicals, consisting of or containing dangerous substances, including mixtures of laboratory chemicals • Uncleaned packaging: <	log Kow	1.56 (OECD 107)
log Pow -1.34 Behaviour in environmental systems: -12.4 Mobility in soil 94-36-0 dibenzoyl peroxide log Koc 3.8 (OECD TGD 121) 131-11-3 dimethyl phthalate log Koc 1.57 Additional ecological information: General notes: Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system. -12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment PBT: Not applicable. · PVB: Not applicable. · 12.6 Other adverse effects No further relevant information available. SECTION 13: Disposal considerations Nust not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system. Disposal must be made according to official regulations. Dilute product with suitable inert liquid to a peroxide concentration below 10% and subsequently dispose according to the refuse disposal act. Waste disposal key: The waste codes given above are to be considered recommendations; because of regional and industris sector specific features, application of different waste codes is possible. European waste catalogue 16 05 06 laboratory chemicals, consisting of or containing dangerous substances, including mixtures of laboratory chemicals · Uncleaned packaging:	BCF	57 (Lepomis macrochirus) (21 day, OECD 305)
Behaviour in environmental systems: 12.4 Mobility in soil 94-36-0 dibenzoyl peroxide log Koc 3.8 (OECD TGD 121) 131-11-3 dimethyl phthalate log Koc 1.57 Additional ecological information: General notes: Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system. 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment PBT: Not applicable. • VPVB: Not applicable. • VPVB: Not applicable. • 12.6 Other adverse effects No further relevant information available. SECTION 13: Disposal considerations 13.1 Waste treatment methods Recommendation Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system. Disposal must be made according to official regulations. Dilute product with suitable inert liquid to a peroxide concentration below 10% and subsequently dispose according to the refuse disposal act. • Waste disposal key: The waste codes given above are to be considered recommendations; because of regional and industrisector specific features, application of different waste codes is possible. • European waste catalogue 16 05 06 laboratory chemicals, consisting of or containing dangerous substances, including mixtures of laboratory chemicals • U	107-21-1	ethanediol
 12.4 Mobility in soil 94-36-0 dibenzoyl peroxide log Koc 3.8 (OECD TGD 121) 131-11-3 dimethyl phthalate log Koc 1.57 Additional ecological information: General notes: Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system. 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment PBT: Not applicable. vPvB: Not applicable. 12.6 Other adverse effects No further relevant information available. SECTION 13: Disposal considerations commendation Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system. Disposal must be made according to official regulations. Dilute product with suitable inert liquid to a peroxide concentration below 10% and subsequently dispose according to the refuse disposal act. Waste disposal key: The waste codes given above are to be considered recommendations; because of regional and industrie sector specific features, application of different waste codes is possible. European waste catalogue 16 05 06 laboratory chemicals, consisting of or containing dangerous substances, including mixtures of laboratory chemicals. 	log Pow	-1.34
94-36-0 dibenzoyl peroxide log Koc 3.8 (OECD TGD 121) 131-11-3 dimethyl phthalate log Koc 1.57 • Additional ecological information: • General notes: Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system. • 12.5 Results of PBT and VPB assessment • PBT: Not applicable. • VPVB: Not applicable. • VPVB: Not applicable. • 12.6 Other adverse effects No further relevant information available. SECTION 13: Disposal considerations • 13.1 Waste treatment methods • Recommendation Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system. Disposal must be made according to official regulations. Dilute product with suitable inert liquid to a peroxide concentration below 10% and subsequently dispose according to the refuse disposal act. • Waste disposal key: The waste codes given above are to be considered recommendations; because of regional and industris sector specific features, application of different waste codes is possible. • European waste catalogue 16 05 06 laboratory chemicals, consisting of or containing dangerous substances, including mixtures of laboratory chemicals. • Uncleaned packaging:	Behaviou	r in environmental systems:
log Koc 3.8 (OECD TGD 121) 131-11-3 dimethyl phthalate log Koc log Koc 1.57 • Additional ecological information: General notes: Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system. • 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment • PBT: Not applicable. • VPVB: Not applicable. • VPVB: Not applicable. • VPVB: Not applicable. • VPS: Not applicable. • 12.6 Other adverse effects No further relevant information available. SECTION 13: Disposal considerations • 13.1 Waste treatment methods • Recommendation Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system. Disposal must be made according to official regulations. Dilute product with suitable inert liquid to a peroxide concentration below 10% and subsequently dispose according to the refuse disposal act. • Waste disposal key: The waste codes given above are to be considered recommendations; because of regional and industria sector specific features, application of different waste codes is possible. • European waste catalogue 16 05 06 laboratory chemicals, consisting of or containing dangerous substances, including mixtures of laboratory chemicals • Uncleaned packaging:	12.4 Mob	ility in soil
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· 14.1 UN-Number · ADR, IMDG, IATA	UN3108
· 14.2 UN proper shipping name	
ADR	3108 ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE E, SOLID (dibenzoy peroxide), ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS
·IMDG	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE E, SOLID (dibenzoy peroxide), MARINE POLLUTANT
·IATA	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE E, SOLID (dibenzoy peroxide)

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Printing date 11.01.2017

Revision: 11.01.2017

Trade name: BPO-Paste rot

		(Contd. of page 1
· 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	Hazchem: 1W	
· ADR, IMDG		
· Class	5.2 Organic peroxides.	
· Label	5.2	
· IATA		
· Class · Label	5.2 Organic peroxides. 5.2	
· 14.4 Packing group · ADR, IMDG, IATA	Void	
· 14.5 Environmental hazards:		
· 14.5 Environmeniai nazaras: · Marine pollutant:	Symbol (fish and tree)	
· Special marking (ADR):	Symbol (fish and tree) Symbol (fish and tree)	
• 14.6 Special precautions for user	Warning: Organic peroxides.	
· EMS Number:	F-J,S-R	
· 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Ann		
Marpol and the IBC Code	Not applicable.	
· Transport/Additional information:		
· ADR		
\cdot Limited quantities (LQ)	500 g	
· Transport category	2	
• Tunnel restriction code	D	

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

· 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

· Directive 2012/18/EU

· Named dangerous substances - ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.

Seveso category

P6b SELF-REACTIVE SUBSTANCES AND MIXTURES and ORGANIC PEROXIDES E1 Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment

· National regulations:

· Information about limitation of use:

Employment restrictions concerning juveniles must be observed. Employment restrictions concerning pregnant and lactating women must be observed.

· 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

(Contd. on page 12) GB

GB

A. Forster

Safety data sheet according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

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Revision: 11.01.2017

Trade name: BPO-Paste rot

Printing date 11.01.2017

	(Contd. of page 11)
Relevant phrases	
H241 Heating may cause a fire or explosion.	
H302 Harmful if swallowed.	
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.	
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.	
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Abbreviations and acronyms:	
ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement conce	erning the International
Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)	0
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods	
IATA: International Air Transport Association	
GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals	
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances	
ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances	
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)	
DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH)	
PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH)	
LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent	
LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent	
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic	
vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative	
Org. Perox. B: Organic peroxides – Type B Org. Perox. E: Organic peroxides – Type E/F	
Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4	
Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2	
Skin Sens. 1: Skin sensitisation – Category 1	
STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 2	
Aquatic Acute 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute aquatic hazard – Category 1	
Aquatic Chronic 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard – Category 1	
* Data compared to the previous version altered.	